

Microair Avionics



T2000 SFL TRANSPONDER USER MANUAL



Microair Avionics Pty Ltd

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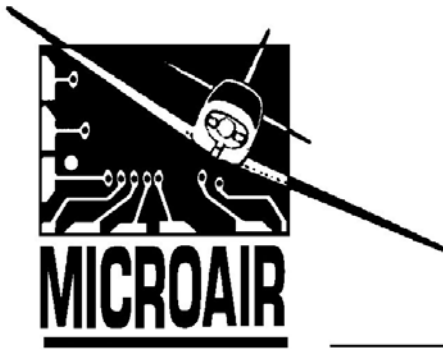
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About This Document

Microair Avionics have developed a series of transponders for use with OEM applications, and for commercial sale by Microair Avionics. The manual explains the basic functions and elaborates on the more sophisticated features, such as altitude display and alerts.

Revision 2.7 of this manual is to be supplied and used in conjunction with T2000SFL transponders with software version 1.6.3, or later.

Microair reserves the right to amend this manual as required, to reflect any enhancements or upgrades to the T2000 Transponder series.

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Statement:

The T2000SFL owner accepts all responsibility for obtaining the proper licensing before using the transponder. The coverage you can expect from the T2000SFL is limited to "line of sight". Low altitude or aircraft antenna shielding by the aircraft itself may result in a reduced range. Range can be improved by climbing to a higher altitude. It may be possible to minimize antenna shielding by locating the antenna where dead spots are only noticed during abnormal flight attitudes.

The T2000SFL should be turned off before starting or shutting down aircraft engine(s).



MICROAIR DOCUMENTS

Microair T2000 Users Manual	T2000-DOC-001
Microair T2000 Installation Manual	T2000-DOC-002
Microair T2000 Flight Manual Supplement	T2000-DOC-003
Microair T2000 Service Manual	T2000-DOC-004
Microair T2000 User Manual Supplement (use with user manual 2.5)	T2000-DOC-005

DOCUMENT REVISION STATUS – T2000-DOC-001

Revision	Date	Change
1.0	11/02/01	Initial Draft
2.2	11/07/01	Voltage Monitoring
2.3	22/08/01	Standby function added
2.4	05/10/01	Hi / Lo alerts added
2.5	12/10/01	Mode and Program Mode menu functions amended
2.6	07/11/01	Deleted SF references
2.7	01/06/02	Assigned Alt & Buffer Alt input amended, Name/Reg relocated to end of Program Mode

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION..... 4

T2000 CONTROLS 6

TURNING ON 6

BACKLIGHTING 6

TURNING OFF 6

TRANSPONDER OPERATION..... 7

DISPLAY LAYOUT 7

DISPLAY FUNCTION..... 8

CONTROL FUNCTIONS..... 9

SELECTMODE KNOB 9

CODE SELECT KNOB 10

ON KEY 10

MODE KEY 11

QNH OR BARO (BAROMETRIC PRESSURE)..... 12

ASSIGNED (ALTITUDE) 13

BUFFER ALT..... 13

ALTITUDE (UNITS) 15

VOLTAGE 16

ALERT TONE..... 17

ENTER KEY 18

TOGGLE KEY 18

VFR – HOT KEY 19

ID KEY 19

INITIALISATION AND SETUP 20

PROGRAM MODE..... 20

VOLT MON..... 21

A/C VOLT..... 21

O/V SET..... 21

U/V SET..... 22

E/C POW..... 22

VFR CODE 22

BARO..... 23

REM STBY..... 23

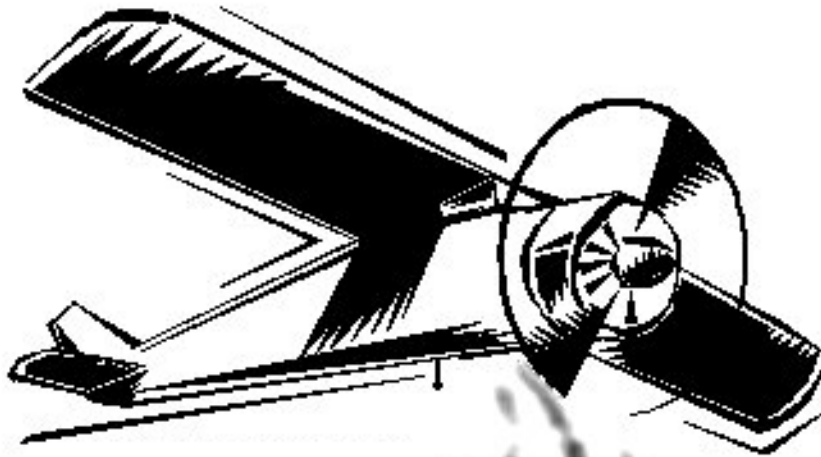
NAME /REG (ONE TIME ONLY ENTRY) 24

EXIT PROGRAM 24

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS: 25

INTRODUCTION

The Microair T2000 Transponder is designed to operate in the environment of a Radar Beacon System. This system interrogates the transponder, which in turn *replies* with an identity code and altitude information. The radar system consists of a network of ground stations, which sweep the horizon like a conventional radar. When the transponder in the aircraft detects the radar sweep (is *illuminated*), the transponder *replies* with a burst transmission giving its identity code and altitude.



The aircraft's transponder receives the ground station signal asking it to transmit. The transponder "replies" with the code, and if operating in mode C, the encoder altitude.

Ground stations sweep the sky with a signal, which asks the transponder in the aircraft to transmit its code and altitude.



The system presents the *replies* from all transponders in range of the ground stations on a single display screen. This allows ATC to easily locate, identify, and see the altitude of all traffic in their airspace.

A transponder's *reply* is termed a *squawk*. Hence the current code being used by the transponder is termed the *squawk code*. At times of high airspace activity, ATC may wish to uniquely identify an individual aircraft with a request to *squawk ident*. The pilot uses the *ident* control on the transponder to make the transponder's *squawk* on the ATC display flash for a short period. The *ident* control should not be used unless ATC request it.

ATC will issue a code to an aircraft requesting entry into its controlled airspace. This code is normally unique for each aircraft, each time that aircraft passes through the airspace. The code is 4 digits long, and each digit can range from 0-7.

There are several special codes, which are used to identify General Aviation aircraft, and some special situations which aircraft could encounter. ***Misuse of these codes may result in legal charges against the user.***



IMPORTANT NOTE

ALWAYS check the standby code, BEFORE transferring it to the ACTIVE position.

0000	General Purpose code subject to regional agreement
1200	Civil VFR Flights OCTA not participating in Radar Information Service (RIS). General Aviation Code (US and other countries)
2000	Civil IFR Flights OCTA not participating in RIS
3000	Civil Flights in Controlled airspace
7000	VFR General Aviation Code (Europe)
7500	Unlawful Interference Code
7600	Radio Communications Failure
7700	Emergency Code
7777	Military Intercept Code (NEVER USE)

Code 2100 is a test code that can be used by qualified personal to test the transponder to ATC.

The user should check the Civil Aviation Rules/Regulations to determine the VFR General Aviation transponder code for their country.

T2000 CONTROLS

All of the T2000's functions and features can be accessed from the controls on the front face.

CONTROL	DESCRIPTION
1	ON Key
2	MODE Key
3	ENTER Key
4	IDENT Key
5	TOGGLE Key
6	CODE SELECT Knob
7	SELECTMODE Knob
8	VFR Key



TURNING ON

The T2000 is turned on by pressing the **ON** key. The T2000 will go through a start up routine displaying self test messages, and ending with the operational display. The backlighting is also tested during start up.

ON KEY



BACKLIGHTING

The T2000SFL has an LCD display which is backlit. The backlighting has a low and a high brightness level to enhance the display in low light conditions, and darkness.

When the T2000 is first turned on there is no backlighting.
 Press the **ON** key again – Low level Backlighting comes on.
 Press the **ON** key again – High level Backlighting comes on.
 Press the **ON** key again – Display returns to no backlighting

TURNING OFF

The T2000 is turned off by holding down the **ON** Key. The word **SHUTDOWN** is displayed and the T2000 counts down from 3-0, then turns off. If the **ON** Key is lifted before the count is finished, the T2000 returns to the operational screen.

ON KEY



TRANSPONDER OPERATION

The transponder can be operated in the following modes:

- ON** Transponder operates in mode **A** where only the active code is sent.
ALT Transponder operates in mode **C** where both the active code and the encoder altitude are sent.

If requested by ATC the user can *squawk ident* (ID key). The transponder will add an extra piece of data to the transmission, to make the code and altitude information flash on the ATC radar display.

When operating in **ALT** mode, altitude data is received from a separate altitude encoder. This data is passed back to the transponder to be included in the response transmission to **ATC**. The Microair T2000 is compatible with any industry standard altitude encoder, with parallel output.

The display can present the active and standby codes. The standby code can be changed at any time, and then *toggled* to become the active code. The T2000 can replace the standby code with the encoder altitude, or supply voltage.

In addition to the required TSO functions, the Microair T2000 offers a number of other useful features, which can be displayed by the operator either as a pop-up message, audio beep, or a display option.

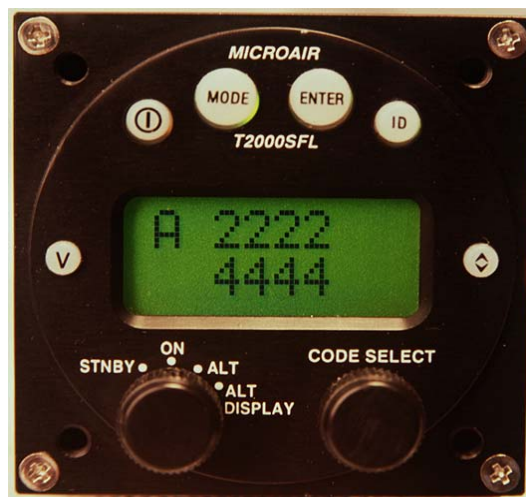
DISPLAY LAYOUT

The Microair **T2000 SFL** is a 57mm diameter face version to fit the standard 2 ¼ inch instrument hole. The mounting is by 4 x M4 machine screws, located through the panel and screwed into threaded holes in each corner of the transponder's front face.



IMPORTANT NOTE

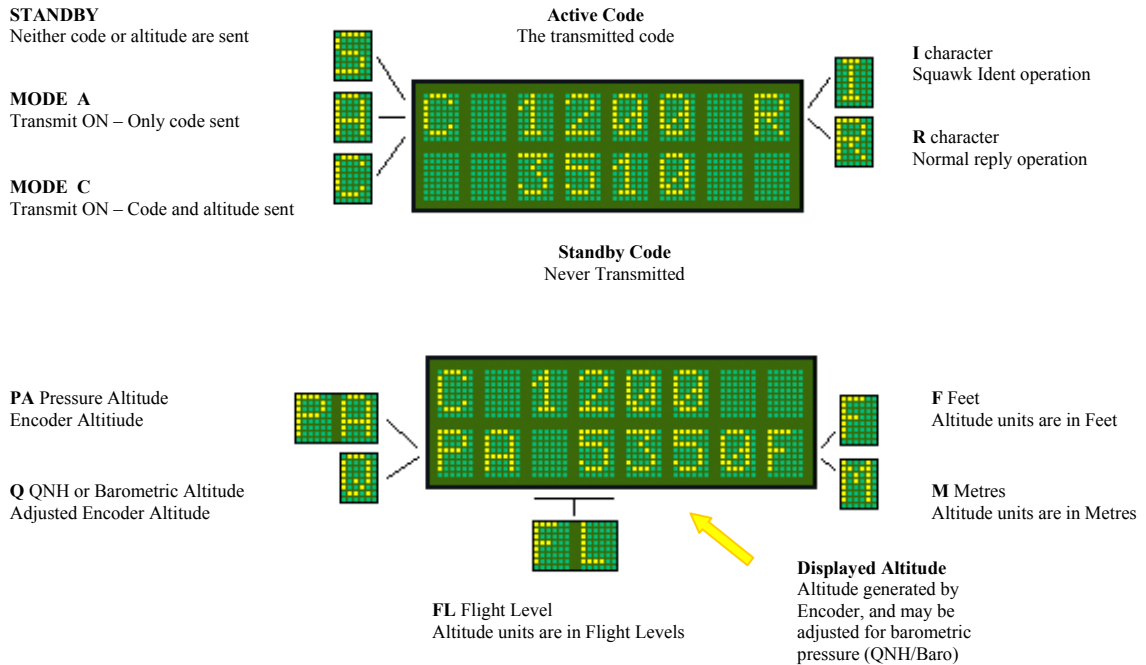
Use only the factory supplied screws or M4 x 12mm machine screws. Do NOT oversize the holes, or use over-length screws. These actions may damage internal components of the transponder.



Microair T2000 SFL

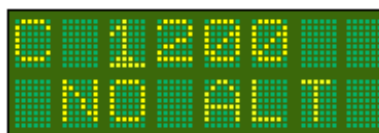
DISPLAY FUNCTION

The **SFL** is a dual line display of 8 characters each, with the active code on the top line, and the standby code on the bottom. The display is **LCD**, with preset backlighting.



When the altitude is displayed, the standby code is saved into memory. To display the standby code again, press the **toggle** key once to make it appear on the bottom line. Press the **toggle** key again to exchange the active and standby codes. After 10 seconds of inactivity, the lower line will revert to displaying the altitude.

Pressure Altitude (**PA**) is the Encoder altitude. The encoder’s barometric adjustment is preset to 1013 millibars (29.92HG). If the Encoder is not powered or not fitted, the message **NO ALT** will appear on the display.



It is possible to input the **QNH / Baro** (barometric pressure) given by ATC, into the **T2000** to adjust the displayed pressure altitude. This feature will allow the user to adjust the displayed altitude to read the same as the aircraft’s altimeter.



IMPORTANT NOTE

When passing upwards through the transition level/layer, the altimeter and transponder should both be set to 1013mb (29.92HG). When passing down through the transition level/layer, the altimeter and transponder are reset to the QNH/ Baro (barometric pressure) given by ATC.

The **T2000** will transmit the encoder altitude (pressure altitude) only, in accordance with normal mode C operation. The adjusted **QNH / Baro** altitude is *never* transmitted.

CONTROL FUNCTIONS

This section describes the transponder control keys and their functions. Many of the control keys have more than one function, and some keys access multi-option menus, which can be scrolled.

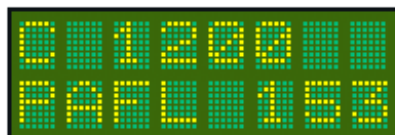
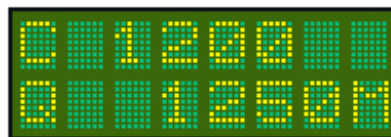
SELECTMODE KNOB

The **SELECTMODE** knob allows the user to switch the transponder between the 4 operating modes.

Selectmode Knob



STANDBY	In standby the transponder is powered up, but will not transmit. <i>On the active display line the letter S appears on the left hand side.</i>
ON	Will reply to Mode A and C interrogations, but with no mode C encoder information. Mode C blind encoder is normally powered up in this mode, but can be powered down if encoder power option is set OFF (refer E/C POW in Initialisation and Setup section). <i>On the active display line the letter A appears on the left hand side.</i>
ALT	Will reply to Mode A and C interrogations, with the mode C encoder information. In the absence of a valid encoder input, only the C framing pulse will be sent. <i>On the active display line the letter C appears on the left hand side.</i>
ALT DISPLAY	The standby code is replaced with the encoder altitude. If the pressure has been set via the QNH / Baro option of MODE MENU , the displayed altitude will be adjusted for barometric air pressure. Altitude will be displayed in units set in ALTITUDE option of MODE MENU . The DISPLAY ALT only displays altitude if a valid encoder input is being received. When climbing above the transition level/layer, the user must reset the transponder at the same time as the aircraft's altimeter to 1013mb or 29.92HG. <i>On the active display line the letter C appears on the left hand side.</i>



Examples of encoder altitude

Examples of pressure adjusted encoder altitude

CODE SELECT Knob

The **CODE SELECT** knob can be rotated clockwise to scroll upwards, and counter-clockwise to scroll downwards. Each digit of the code is adjusted separately. The adjust function starts with the left hand digit, and is moved across to the next digit by pushing the **CODE SELECT** knob inwards. After 10 seconds of inactivity the cursor will revert to the left hand digit.



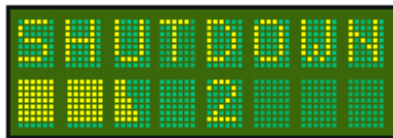
Code Select

ON KEY

Refer to **TURNING ON** section for basic operation.

The **ON** key turns on the **T2000** and adjusts the back lighting.

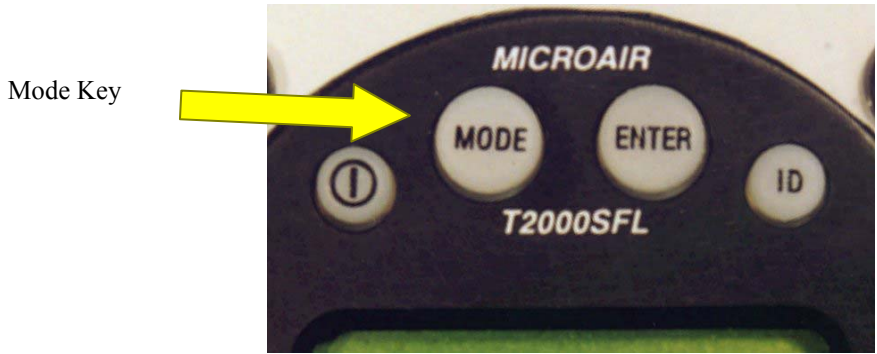
To turn off the **T2000**, the **ON** key is held down. The display counts down from 3 to 0 then turns off.



On Key

MODE KEY

The **MODE** key can be used to access two separate menus:



- If the transponder is turned on, by holding down the **MODE** key, and pressing the **ON** key, the **T2000** will start in **PROGRAM MODE**. The **MODE** key must be held down, until the start-up self-test messages have been displayed.
- If the transponder is **ON** and in normal operation, press the **MODE** key to access the **MODE MENU**. The first item of the **MODE MENU** is displayed. Step through the **MODE MENU** by pressing the **MODE** key. After the last menu item the **T2000** returns to the operational display currently in use.

The **MODE MENU** is designed to allow the operator fast easy access to functions and parameters, which may need to be adjusted in flight.

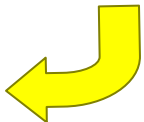
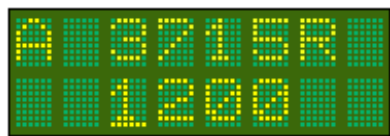
MODE MENU	QNH or Baro
	Assigned
	Buffer Alt
	Altitude
	Voltage
	Alert Tone



USE MODE KEY TO STEP THROUGH OPTIONS

OR

USE THE *Toggle* KEY TO RETURN TO THE OPERATIONAL DISPLAY

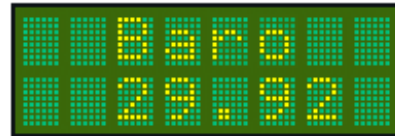
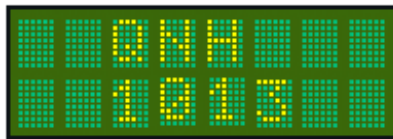


QNH or BARO (Barometric Pressure)

The altitude encoder outputs a pressure altitude fixed at an *above mean sea level (AMSL)* pressure of **1013mb** or **29.92HG**. The aircraft's altimeter however is normally adjusted for actual surface pressure before take off. This means the encoder altitude may not be the same as the altimeter reading.

The **QNH / Baro** can be entered here to allow the **T2000** to compensate the displayed altitude for surface pressure, and hence read the same as the aircraft's altimeter. The default **QNH** is **1013mb** or **Baro** is **29.92HG**. If the **QNH / Baro** is set to **1013mb** or **29.92HG**, the altitude displayed will default to the unadjusted pressure altitude direct from the encoder. If the **QNH / Baro** is set to a discrete value (normally provided by ATC), the encoder pressure altitude displayed will be adjusted for that **QNH / Baro** value.

The barometric units are set in the **BARO** option of the **PROGRAM MODE**. When **MB** is selected the **QNH** screen is displayed, and when **HG** is selected the **Baro** screen is displayed.



Press MODE key (once)	To select QNH / Baro option
Rotate CODE SELECT knob	Scroll lower line to desired pressure. Press knob to move one place to left.
Press ENTER key	To set default value. The default is 1013(mb) or 29.92(HG)
Press toggle key	Display returns to current operational display

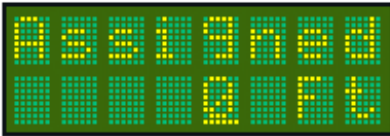


IMPORTANT NOTE

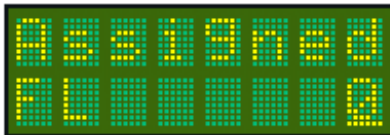
The T2000 will only transmit the encoder pressure altitude. The adjusted QNH / Baro altitude is NEVER transmitted, even when it is selected for display.

ASSIGNED (altitude)

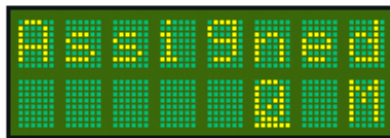
The user can input an assigned altitude given by ATC. When used with the altitude buffer value, an audio alert and display indicator advises when the aircraft has climbed or descended, from the assigned altitude.



When the **Altitude** option of the mode menu is set to Feet, the **Assigned** altitude is adjusted in feet.



When the **Altitude** option of the mode menu is set to Flight Level, the **Assigned** altitude is adjusted in feet.



When the **Altitude** option of the mode menu is set to Metres, the **Assigned** altitude is adjusted in Metres.

Press MODE key (2 times)	To select Assigned option
Press CODE SELECT knob	Increment displayed value in units of 500 feet / 100m / FL50
Rotate CODE SELECT knob	Increment displayed value in units of 100 feet / 10m / FL10
Press ENTER key	To set default value. The default is 0 .
Press toggle key	To save and display returns to current operational display

When entering an altitude...



Press the **CODE SELECT** knob to increase the height value in units of 500FT / 100M / FL50.



Rotate the **CODE SELECT** knob to increase or decrease the height value in units of 100FT / 10M / FL10.

Press the **ENTER** key to return the **ASSIGNED ALTITUDE** to the default value of 0, **or** Press the **Toggle** key to save the height value, and return to the operational display.

If **Assigned** is set to **0**, the altitude alert function is disabled. The assigned altitude function is only active when the **SELECTMODE** knob is set to **DISP ALT**.

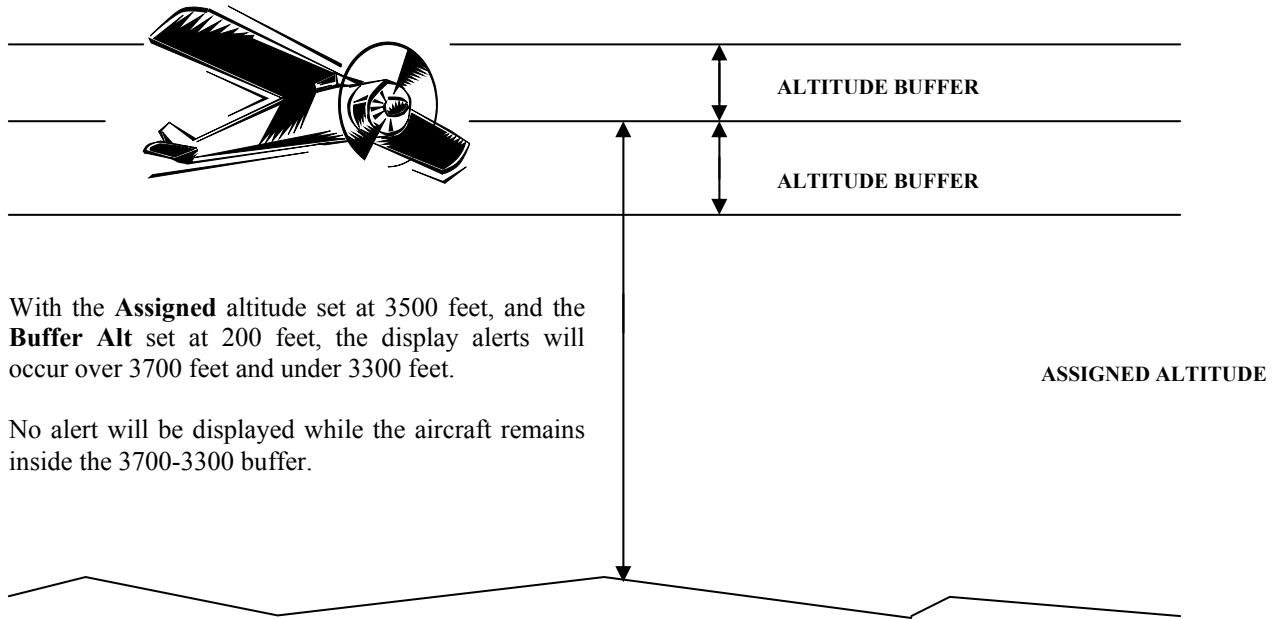
BUFFER ALT

The user can input a buffer altitude, above and below the assigned altitude, to define a height band in which to fly. When the aircraft exceeds the upper or lower limit, an indicator alert message will be displayed. The alert

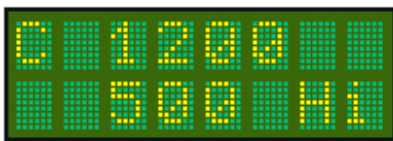
message advises the pilot of how far, above or below the assigned altitude the aircraft is. If the **Alert Tone** function is **ON**, an audio tone is heard as well.

If the **ALTITUDE** option in the **PROGRAM MODE** is set to **FEET** or **FL**, the **Buffer Alt** increments are in feet. If **ALTITUDE** is set to **METRES**, the **Buffer Alt** increments are in metres.

Press MODE key (3 times)	To select Buffer Alt option
Press CODE SELECT knob	Increment displayed value in units of 500 feet / 100m / FL50
Rotate CODE SELECT knob	Increment displayed value in units of 100 feet / 10m / FL10
Press ENTER key	Display returns to current operational display (No default value)
Press Toggle key	Display returns to current operational display



If the aircraft climbs or descends outside the altitude buffer limits, a **Hi / Lo** warning is displayed on the lower line.



T2000 advises the pilot that the aircraft is 500 feet above the **Assigned** altitude. If the **Alert Tone** function is set on, an audio warning tone is heard.



T2000 advises the pilot that the aircraft is 500 feet below the **Assigned** altitude. If the **Alert Tone** function is set on, an audio warning tone is heard.

ALTITUDE (units)

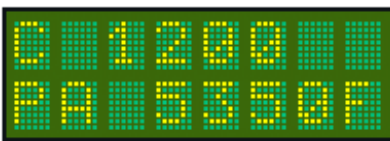
The altitude data can be displayed as feet, flight level, or metres. Once the **Altitude** units are set, all altitude data is displayed in these units.

The options are:

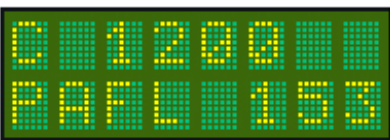
F = FEET	eg 15000F
FL = FLIGHT LEVEL	eg FL 150
M = METRES	eg 5000 M

The only exception is when the **Altitude** is set to **FL**, the **Buffer Alt** is still displayed and set in **FEET**.

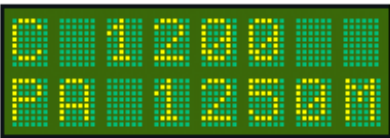
Press MODE key (4 times)	To select Altitude option
Rotate CODE SELECT knob	Scroll to select desired units.
Press ENTER key	No operation. (No default value)
Press toggle key	Display returns to current operational display



5350 FEET. Units in feet are indicated by the **F** character at the right hand end of the lower display line. All altitude data will be displayed in feet.



FLIGHT LEVEL 153. Units in Flight Levels are indicated by the **FL** characters preceding the number on the lower display line. All altitude data will be displayed in Flight Level, except for the **Buffer Alt** which is displayed in **FEET**.



1500 METRES. Units in metres are indicated by the **M** character at the right hand end of the lower display line. All altitude data will be displayed in metres.



IMPORTANT NOTE

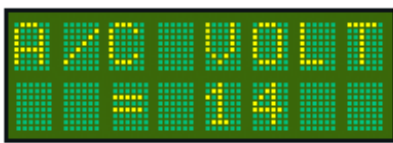
*When operating in upper airspace it may be necessary to measure altitude in units of **FLIGHT LEVEL** instead of **FEET**. The T2000 allows the pilot to change altitude units (and change back), at any time during operation, via the **ALTITUDE** item of the **MODE** menu.*

VOLTAGE

The **VOLTAGE** function will display the aircraft's supply voltage, and by rotating the **CODE SELECT** knob, display the over/under voltage alert levels, and the receive voltage. Receive volts are used for diagnostic function only and have no relevance to normal operation.

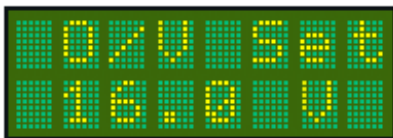
Press MODE key (5 times)	To select Voltage option. Input voltage is displayed on lower line
Rotate CODE SELECT knob	A/C VOLT is displayed. Set to either 14 or 28 in PROGRAM MODE .
Rotate CODE SELECT knob	Over voltage set point high is displayed (eg O/V 16.00)
Rotate CODE SELECT knob	Under voltage set point low is displayed (eg U/V 10.00)
Rotate CODE SELECT knob	Rx Level is displayed (eg 120). Received signal strength.
Rotate CODE SELECT knob	Display returns to the input voltage
Press toggle key	Display returns to current operational display

When the transponder is operating in normal display operation mode, the over and under input voltage alert message is displayed on the lower line.



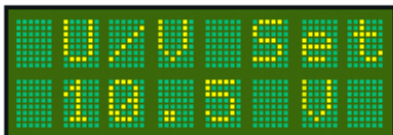
Aircraft Voltage

This parameter is set in **PROGRAM MODE**, as the nominal aircraft voltage. The T2000 can accept input voltages from 10-33 volts, but the voltage monitoring has to be told what the nominal supply voltage is.



Over Voltage Limit

This parameter is set in **PROGRAM MODE**, as the upper voltage alert level.



Under Voltage Limit

This parameter is set in **PROGRAM MODE**, as the lower voltage alert level.



Receive Strength

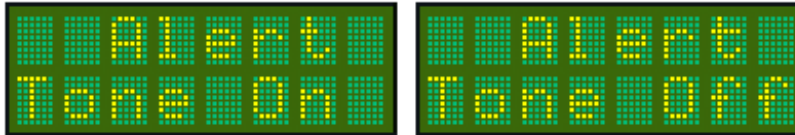
This is a measure of the received signal strength from ATC.

Rx Level is measured in a range of 0-255.

ALERT TONE

The **Alert Tone** function is used by the **T2000**'s altitude alert function. When set **ON**, the **Alert** can be heard from either the cabin speaker, or through the headphones, when amplified through an audio panel. The beep tone is produced at a very low level, and cannot be heard directly with headphones or speaker.

Press MODE key (6 times)	To select Alert Tone option
Rotate CODE SELECT knob	Scroll lower line to select ON or OFF . The default is ON
Press ENTER key	No operation
Press toggle key	Display returns to current operational display



IMPORTANT NOTE

*Pressing the **MODE** key again returns the display to the operational screen.
The user can press the **toggle** key at any point in the **MODE** menu to return to the operational screen.*

ENTER KEY

The **ENTER** key is a confirmation key used to confirm information the user has inputted. After pressing the **ENTER** key, the display will typically give the message **SAVED**, for a short period.

The **ENTER** key is also used to quick-set a parameter to a default value.



TOGGLE KEY

This key acts as a **toggle** switch, exchanging the active and standby codes.



When the transponder is operating in **DISPLAY ALT** the bottom line displays the encoder altitude instead of the standby code. The standby code is stored in memory. To toggle the active and standby codes in this mode, push the **toggle** key once to display the standby code on the bottom line. The standby code is displayed for 10 seconds. Push the **toggle** key again to exchange the active and standby codes. Once the codes have been exchanged, the display will revert back after 10 seconds, to displaying the altitude on the bottom line.



In all modes of operation, only the active code is transmitted.

The **toggle** key is also used to return to the operational screen from the **MODE** and **PROGRAM MODE** menus.

VFR – HOT KEY



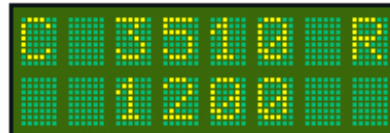
VFR Key

The **VFR** key will default the standby code immediately to the stored **VFR** code. Typically this code will be **1200** for a General Aviation aircraft. The **VFR** key calls the value set in the **VFR** option of the **PROGRAM MODE** menu.

To transfer the **VFR** code to the active position, press the **toggle** key. If no code is entered, after 10 seconds idle the standby position will revert back to the original **VFR** code.

To make the **VFR** code the *active* code, press the toggle key to bring **VFR** to the top line

Press **VFR** key to bring the stored **VFR** code to the *standby* line. In this case **VFR** = 1200



ID KEY

The **ID** key (*Ident*) when pressed, adds additional code information to the transmission for **ATC**. The code will flash on the **ATC** display as a means of uniquely identifying the aircraft's code from any other. The **T2000** has the option of a remote **ID** switch (pin 16).

The external switch should be a momentary-ON type. The switch or **ID** key only need to be pressed briefly to activate the *ident* function.



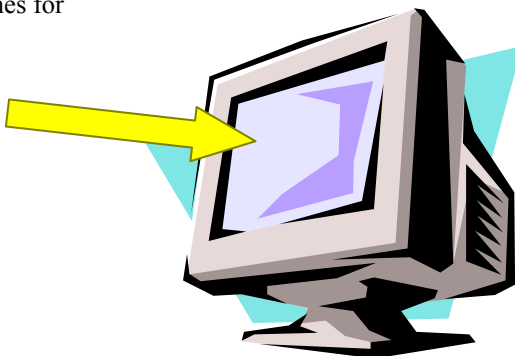
Ident Key



I character replaces the **R**, while the **IDENT** function is in operation

Return code flashes for 20 seconds

1200
5400



INITIALISATION AND SETUP

The **T2000** will operate as a conventional transponder when first installed and powered up. You will be able to turn the transponder **ON/OFF**, adjust the standby code, and transfer the standby and active codes.

The **T2000** has many other features, which can be programmed. Microair recommend, that the full setup procedure be carried out prior to first flight. This section provides detailed procedures on the various parameters and functions that can be setup from the front panel.

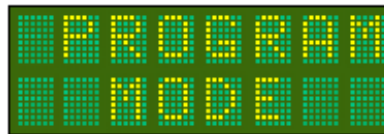
The following procedures provide step by step instructions to program the transponder options.

Program Mode	VOLT MON
	A/C VOLT
	O/V Set
	U/V Set
	E/C POW
	VFR CODE
	BARO
	REM STBY
	NAME/REG
	EXIT PROGRAM

PROGRAM MODE

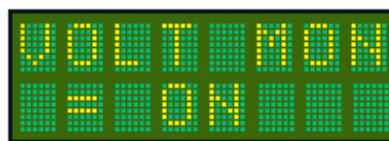
To start the **T2000** in **PROGRAM MODE**, hold down the **MODE** key, and then press the **ON** key. Keep the **MODE** key held down until the start up self test messages have been displayed.

Each item can be adjusted to the desired value or option by scrolling the **CODE ADJUST** knob. The selected value or option can be saved by pressing the **ENTER** key. **PROGRAM MODE** then moves to the next menu item.



VOLT MON

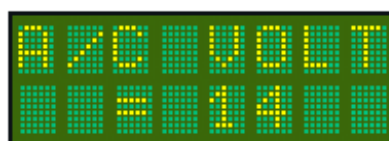
The **T2000** can monitor aircraft voltage, and alert the pilot to the aircraft electrical system over or under voltage conditions. This is the aircraft supply voltage not just the transponder voltage, and is very useful for troubleshooting aircraft electrical problems.



Press ENTER key	Until VOLT MON message appears
Rotate CODE SELECT knob	Set VOLT MON = ON/OFF The default is ON
Press the ENTER key	The message SAVED appears briefly on the display
	The display moves to A/C VOLT menu item

A/C VOLT

The **T2000**'s voltage monitoring system must be told what the nominal input voltage is. Most aircraft have either 14V or 28V electrical systems.

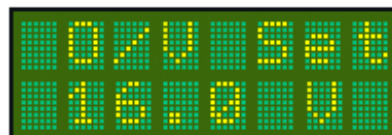


If you are operating from a 12V battery, select the 14V option.

Press ENTER key	Until A/C VOLT message appears
Rotate CODE SELECT knob	Set A/C VOLT = 14/28 The default is 14
Press ENTER key	The message SAVED appears briefly on the display
	The display moves to O/V Set menu item

O/V SET

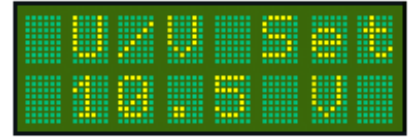
This menu item sets the **OVER** voltage alert level, for the voltage monitoring system. The maximum input voltage for the **T2000** is 33V, but we suggest that the alert level be set much lower, perhaps 2 volts over the nominal supply voltage: eg **O/V = 16V** for 14V aircraft.



Press ENTER key	Until O/V Set message appears
Rotate CODE SELECT knob	Scroll to adjust first digit of voltage
Press CODE SELECT knob	Moves the digit to the right
Press ENTER key	The message SAVED appears briefly on the display
	The display moves to U/V Set menu item

U/V SET

This menu item sets the **UNDER** voltage alert level, for the voltage monitoring system. The minimum input voltage for the **T2000** is 10V, but we suggest that the alert level be set higher, perhaps 3 volts below the nominal supply voltage: eg **U/V = 11V** for 14V aircraft.



Press ENTER key	Until U/V Set message appears
Rotate CODE SELECT knob	Scroll to adjust first digit of voltage
Press CODE SELECT knob	Moves the digit to the right
Press ENTER key	The message SAVED appears briefly on the display
	The display moves to E/C POW menu item

E/C POW

This item controls the output volts for an external encoder if required. The power supplied for the encoder can be turned **OFF** when the transponder **SELECTMODE** knob is in the **ON** position (mode A). Power is only supplied when operating in the **ALT** position (mode C). This function is provided to save power when operating solely from a battery supply.



Press ENTER key	Until E/C POW message appears
Rotate CODE SELECT knob	Set E/C POW = All/Alt The default is All
Press ENTER key	The message SAVED appears briefly on the display
	The display moves to VFR CODE menu item

- Alt** Encoder power is on in **ALT** and **DISP ALT** modes only.
All Encoder power is on in all modes.



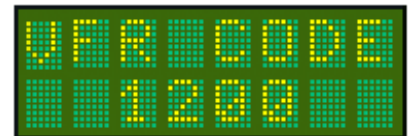
IMPORTANT NOTE

Some encoders can take up to 10 minutes to warm up. NO ALT is displayed until altitude data is received from the encoder.

Shorting the encoder power supply pins at the rear of the T2000, will result in internal damage and void the warranty (refer to Installation Manual)

VFR CODE

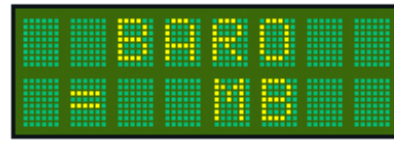
This item sets the default **VFR** code which can be hot key accessed from the **V** (VFR) key. For most countries the default general aviation code is **1200**. We recommend that this code be used.



Press ENTER key	Until VFR CODE message appears
Rotate CODE SELECT knob	Scroll to adjust first digit of voltage
Press CODE SELECT knob	Moves the digit to the right
Press ENTER key	The message SAVED appears briefly on the display
	The display moves to BARO menu item

BARO

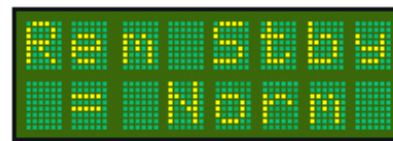
This item sets the barometric pressure units used by the **T2000**. The user can select from **MB** = millibars, or **HG** = inches Mercury. We recommen that the user selects the same unit as those used in the sub-scale of the aircraft’s altimeter.



Press ENTER key	Until BARO message appears
Rotate CODE SELECT knob	Set BARO = MB/HG The default is MB
Press ENTER key	The message SAVED appears briefly on the display
	The display moves to Rem Stby menu item

REM STBY

For aircraft using the remote standby line (pin 15), the operation of the switch can be changed by the **T2000** software. The remote switch holds the **T2000** in standby (S) regardless of what position the **SELECTMODE** knob is in.



If the remote switch releases the **T2000** from standby by closing, the operation is **NORM** (normal).

If the remote switch releases the **T2000** from standby by opening, the operation is **REV** (reverse).

Press ENTER key	Until Rem Stby message appears
Rotate CODE SELECT knob	Set Rem Stby = Norm/Rev The default is Norm
Press ENTER key	The message SAVED appears briefly on the display
	The display moves to EXIT PROGRAM menu item



IMPORTANT NOTE

*If a remote switch is fitted, and it becomes faulty, the operation of the switch can be changed with this feature. If the T2000 will not change from standby, go to **PROGRAM MODE** and change the Rem Stby. This may release the T2000.*

NAME /REG (one time only entry)

The **T2000** allows you to enter either your name or aircraft registration into a non-erasable memory. This provides a level of security for the transponder, uniquely identifying it. Once entered, this information will be displayed each time the transponder is turned on.



IMPORTANT NOTE

For security, once you enter and confirm your NAME/REG it cannot be changed without the transponder being returned to an authorised service facility. If a NAME/REG has previously been entered, this PROGRAM MODE item will not be displayed again.

Press ENTER key	Until NAME/REG message appears
Rotate CODE SELECT knob	Adjust to desired letter/number for 1 st character
Press CODE SELECT knob	Saves character and advances one space to the right
Rotate CODE SELECT knob	Adjust for 2nd character etc (repeat steps 2 & 3 to complete)
Press ENTER key	Message CONFIRM appears
Press ENTER key	Message TAKEN appears briefly on the display
	Display moves to VOLT MON menu item

Press the **toggle** key at any time to return to the operational display mode.

EXIT PROGRAM

This is the end of the **PROGRAM MODE** menu. The user can exit by pressing the **ENTER** key. The T2000 will restart in the operational mode.



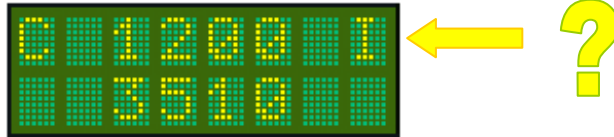
The user can exit the **PROGRAM MODE** menu at any time, from any menu item, by pressing the **toggle** key.

To re-enter the **PROGRAM MODE** menu the **T2000** must be turned off, and re-started using the **ON** and **MODE** keys (refer **PROGRAM MODE** section).

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS:

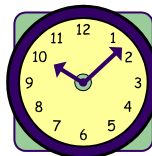
The following questions are common to most users and may help you understand the operation of the T2000, some of these are explained in the user manual but may have been missed by the reader:

Q. When I am asked to *Squawk Ident (ID)* the **I** indicator stays on for a long time. Why ???



A. The **I** or ident character, is used to denote that the transponder reply now includes the ident information, to make the return flash on the ATC display. The ident will stay on for 20 seconds before returning to normal operation.

Q. When asked to go to mode C from mode A, the altitude does not appear on the ground station for some time, usually after 8 minutes, is this normal?



**Warm up
time**

A. Yes, if the encoder has the option for mode C only power on (see setup), then when in mode A it will have no power applied to it, in mode C the power is applied for the first time. Some encoders have a warm up period of up to 10 minutes, and the encoder information will be missing for this period. One way to overcome this is to have the encoder power on selected to **ALL** (in the options, setup) . This means that as soon as the unit is turned on, the encoder will be running. For power conservation (Gliders etc) we recommend power on mode C only.

Q. I have mode C selected and when I taxi around an **S** appears instead of **C**, even though the **SELECTMODE** knob is not set to standby!



A. The unit has probably had the external standby switch wired to an air-switch. When the aircraft lands, and slows down, the airflow over the switch is unable to hold back the spring operation of the air-switch. The **T2000** will switch from the operating mode from the **SELECTMODE** knob, to standby and the **S** appears on the display. When the aircraft takes off again, the airflow increases, and operates the external standby switch, and the **T2000** reverts back to the **SELECTMODE** setting.

The external standby can be wired as a stick mounted switch. Be aware of this switch when flying, as the **T2000** will operate outside standby, until the switch is operated.

Check the **Rem Stby** function in the **PROGRAM MODE** menu to ensure the switch is operating the correct way.

Q I have noticed that sometimes when I switch on the Avionics Master switch, the **T2000** turns on by itself, without pressing the **ON** key. Why?

A The **T2000**'s **ON** key is software controlled. The **T2000** will remember if it was on or off. When the power is turned on again, the **T2000** will revert to its last operational condition, and turn on.

In normal operation we advise using the on/off button on the **T2000** to turn the unit off before switching off the master. This will give the **T2000** protection against possible voltage surges when the master is turn on again. In some installations however, the use of an avionics master tends to make this process obsolete for some – we still recommend turning it off and on via the **T2000** on/off button!

Q Whilst flying outside normal radar coverage I have noticed that the reply symbol still flashes from time to time – what causes this?



A Other aircraft fitted with **TCAS** systems can still interrogate non **TCAS** equipped aircraft like yours. This then lets them know where you are, and is displayed on their **TCAS** screens. The **TCAS** aircraft could be 100 or more miles away and at altitudes +30,000ft!

Q I have tried to power up my **T2000** on the bench from a dc power supply, but it won't start up properly. What is going on ?

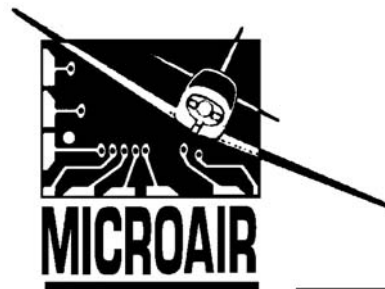
A The **T2000** has a number of large capacitors fitted, and at the moment of turn on they will try to charge up. When this happens, an "*in rush*" of current occurs. If the power supply cannot cope with this "*in rush*" the supply voltage will dip to the point where the **T2000** will detect a power failure, and reboot. The answer is to connect a battery across the power supply to cushion the "*in rush*" and allow the **T2000** to get past this point.

Prolonged operation with the **T2000** in reboot may result in a **NO COMM** error on the display. If this message appears, the communications between the microprocessor has been disturbed, and will require factory service.

This concludes our FAQ's , you can log on to www.microair.com.au for other FAQ and technical data.

LIMITED WARRANTY

Microair Avionics Pty Ltd warrants this product to be free from defects in materials and workmanship for 1 year from the date of purchase. Microair Avionics will, at its sole discretion, repair or replace any components, which fail in normal use. Such repairs or replacement will be made at no charge to the customer for parts or labour. The customer shall be responsible for any transportation costs for return of this product to Microair Pty Ltd.



This warranty does not cover failures due to abuse, misuse, accident, unauthorized alteration, or repairs carried out by parties other than Microair or an approved Microair service centre. This warranty does not cover failures where the product has not been installed or operated, in accordance with the provisions of the User and Installation manual(s).

It shall be at Microair Pty Ltd's sole discretion to decide if a defect is a result of material or workmanship failure.

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IN NO EVENT SHALL MICROAIR AVIONICS PTY LTD BE LIABLE FOR ANY INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, INDIRECT OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, WHETHER RESULTING FROM THE USE, MISUSE OR INABILITY TO USE THIS PRODUCT OR FROM DEFECTS IN THE PRODUCT.

To obtain warranty service, CALL the Microair Avionics Support line in Australia:

Phone: ++ 61 7 41 553048
 Fax: ++ 61 7 41 553049
 Email: support@microair.com.au

Contact Microair Avionics for instruction on the return of product for service or repair. Please ensure that you are able to supply the date of purchase, product type reference, serial number, method of return and date of return. All product returning to Microair Avionics should be marked clearly:

“PRODUCT RETURNING TO COUNTRY OF ORIGIN,
 FOR WARRANTY SERVICE / REPAIR,
 AND WILL BE RE-EXPORTED”

Address to either:

Microair Avionics Pty Ltd	Microair Avionics Pty Ltd
P O Box 5532	Airport Drive
Bundaberg West	Bundaberg West
Queensland 4670	Queensland 4670
Australia	Australia

Microair may at its discretion, refer product returns for repair or service, to a service facility closest to you. Microair Avionics Pty Ltd reserves the right to repair or replace the unit or software or offer a full refund of the purchase price at its sole discretion.

SUCH REMEDY SHALL BE YOUR SOLE AND EXCLUSIVE REMEDY FOR ANY BREACH OF WARRANTY.

